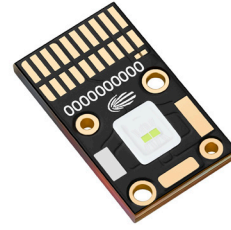


PTM-50X-CG

Projection

Converted Green LED



Features

- Phosphor converted green LED with 5.0 mm² emitting area designed for display
- Complement with PTM-50X Red Amber, BluePump and Blue for best projection brightness and color gamut
- Dominant wavelength: Converted Green 555nm (Typ.)
- LED die precision mounted on low thermal resistance isolated MC-PCB package
- Thermistor pad allows option for precise thermal management
- Drive current up to 16 A
- Chipset array in series enabling lower drive current
- Windowless package allows for closer collection optics and brighter system solutions
- LED emitting area optimized for micro-display diagonal sizes ranging from 0.45" to 0.65"



Applications

- Specifically engineered for Pico front projectors, head-up projection displays and hybrid projectors
- Suitable for DLP™, LCoS and HTPS /3LCD microdisplays

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Ordering Information

Ordering Part Numbers¹

Color	Luminous Flux ²		Bin kit Ordering Code	Ordering Part Number ³
	Min. Flux Bin	Min. Flux		
Converted Green	2H	6600 lm	MPH	PTM-50X-CG-L34-MPH
	2J	7000 lm	MPJ	PTM-50X-CG-L34-MPJ

Part Number Nomenclature

PTM	50X	CG	L34	<Bin kit>
Product Family	Chip Area	Color	Package Configuration	Bin Kit ^{4,5}
PTM: Projection Technology Multi-Die	50: 5.0 mm ² X: Isolated	CG: Converted Green	L34: No Connector, Core board, Windowless (See Mechanical Drawing section)	Refer to ordering part numbers in this document

Note:

- Ordering part numbers represent bin kits (group of bins that are shippable for a given ordering part number)
- Flux Bin listed is minimum bin shipped, higher bins may be included at Luminus' discretion.
- Ordering Part number is default to L34 package configuration.
- Individual flux bins are not orderable.
- See Bin Kit and Flux / Power bin definitions on page 3.



Binning Structure

Flux Bins^{1,2}

Color	Luminous Flux Bin ³	Binning @ 10 A, T _j = 25°C ^{4,5}	
		Minimum Flux (lm)	Maximum Flux (lm)
Converted Green	2H	6600	7000
	2J	7000	7380
	2K	7380	7750
	2L	7750	8250
	2M	8250	8650

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux and power measurements.
2. Products are production tested then sorted and packed by bin.
3. Individual bins are not orderable. Please refer to the Product Ordering information page for a list of orderable bin kits.
4. Product test condition: 10 A, 20 ms single pulse, 25°C = heat sink temperature = T_{hs} = T_j
5. T_j = Junction temperature.
6. Wavelength bins are not orderable. Wavelength bins are displayed in product label.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Symbol	Values	Unit
Absolute Maximum Reverse Drive Current (CW or Pulsed) ^{1,2}	$I_{r\ max}$	0	mA
Absolute Minimum Forward Current (CW or Pulsed) ²	$I_{f\ min}$	0.2	A
Absolute Maximum Forward Current (CW) ³	$I_{f\ max\ CW}$	13.0	
Absolute Maximum Forward Current (Pulsed) ^{3,4} (Frequency > 240Hz, duty cycle < 70%)	$I_{f\ max\ Pulsed}$	16.0	
Absolute Maximum Surge Current ^{3,4} (Frequency > 240Hz, duty cycle = 10%, t=1ms)	$I_{surge\ max}$	17.0	A
Absolute Minimum Storage Temperature	$T_{s\ min}$	-40	°C
Absolute Maximum Storage Temperature	$T_{s\ max}$	100	
Absolute Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j\ max}$	150	°C
ESD sensitivity ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (HBM, Class 3A)	V_{ESD}	4000	V

Note:

- Reverse Current Operation is not allowed.
- Product performance and lifetime data is specified at recommended forward drive currents. Sustained operation at or near absolute minimum currents may result in a reduction of device performance and device lifetime compared to recommended forward currents.
- Sustained operation above maximum currents is not recommended and will result in a reduction of device lifetime compared to specified maximum forward drive currents. Device lifetimes will depend on junction temperature.
- In pulsed operation, rise time from 10% to 90% of forward current should be larger than 0.5 microseconds.



Device Characteristics

General Characteristics	Symbol	Red Amber	Unit
Emitting Area	A_E	4.93	mm ²
Emitting Area Dimension		3.30 x 1.54	mm x mm
Optical and Electrical Characteristics¹			
Test Pulse Duration		20	ms
Test Peak Drive Current ²	I_f	10	A
Peak Luminous Flux ²	Φ_v	7850	lm
Peak Radiometric Flux ²	Φ_r	16.5	W
Forward Voltage	$V_{f\ min}$	6.8	V
	V_f	7.4	
	$V_{f\ max}$	7.8	
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_{d\ min}$	545	nm
	λ_d	555	
	$\lambda_{d\ max}$	565	
Peak Wavelength	λ_p	511	nm
FWHM- Spectral bandwidth at 50% of Φ_r	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	100	nm
Chromaticity Coordinates ³	CIE x	0.31	
	CIE y	0.54	
Chromaticity Coordinates (Filtered spectrum) ^{3,4}	CIE x	0.31	
	CIE y	0.63	
Thermal Characteristics			
Thermal Resistance (junction to case) real ⁵	$R_{\theta j-c\ real}$	0.64	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (junction to case) electrical ⁵	$R_{\theta j-c\ electrical}$	0.49	°C/W

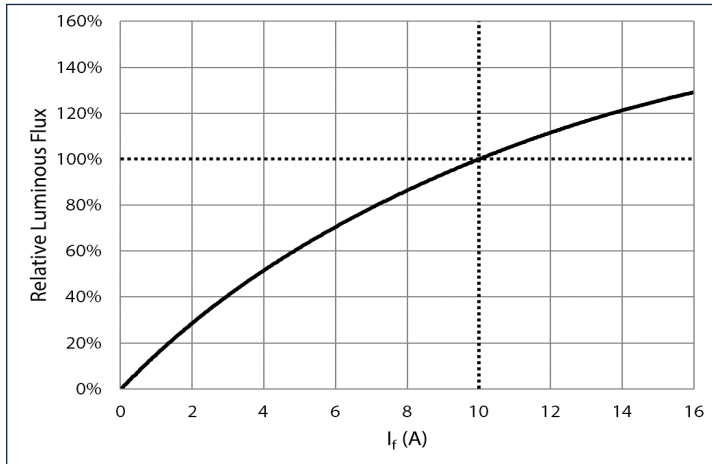
Note:

- Characteristics at 10 A, 20 ms single pulse, 25°C
- Unless otherwise noted, values listed are typical. All ratings are based on operation with a constant temperature = 25°C = T_{hs} = T_j
- In CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram coordinates, normalized to X+Y+Z=1.
- Optical filter of 50% cut off range between 580nm and 600nm applied in typical projection display engine.
- Measurements are in accordance with JEDEC 51-14.

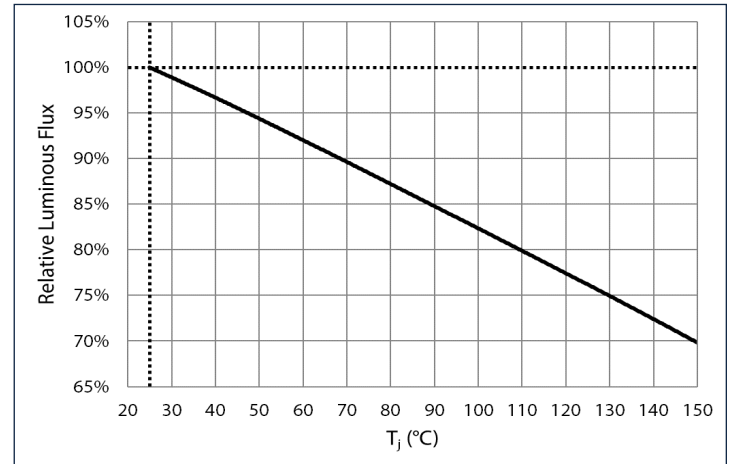


Relative Luminous Flux

Forward current: $\phi_v(I_f)/\phi_v(10\text{ A}), T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$

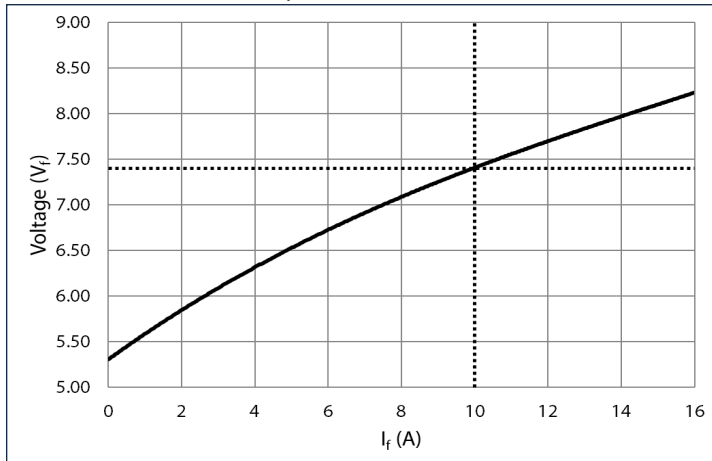


Temperature: $\phi_v(T_j)/\phi_v(25^\circ\text{C}), I_f = 10\text{ A}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$

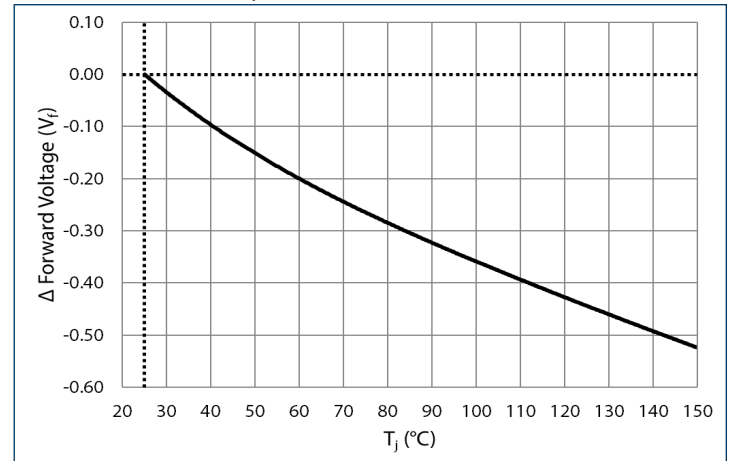


Forward Voltage

Forward current: $V_f = V(I_f), T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$

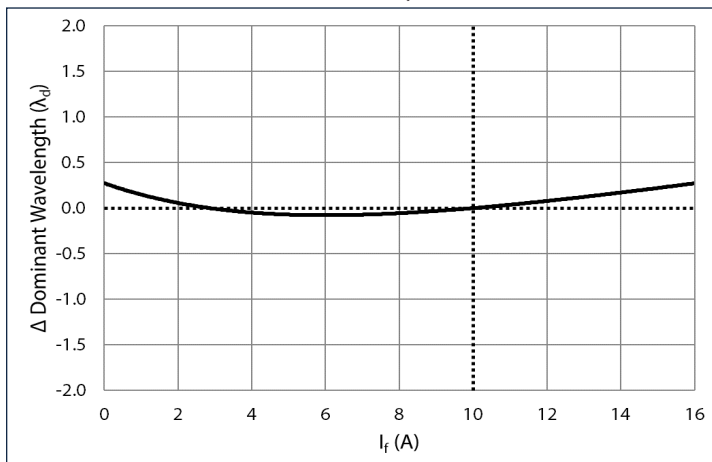


Temperature: $\Delta V_f = V(T_j) - V(25^\circ\text{C}), I_f = 10\text{ A}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$

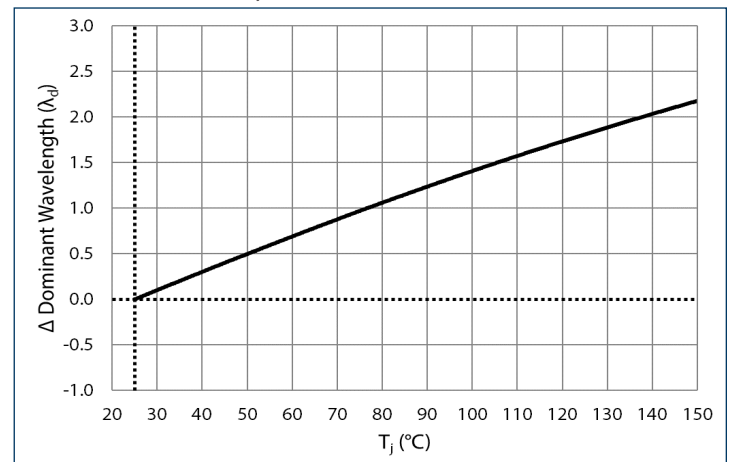


Dominant Wavelength Shift

Forward current: $\Delta\lambda_d = \lambda_d(I_f) - \lambda_d(10\text{ A}), T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$



Temperature: $\Delta\lambda_d = \lambda_d(T_j) - \lambda_d(25^\circ\text{C}), I_f = 10\text{ A}, 20\text{ ms single pulse}$

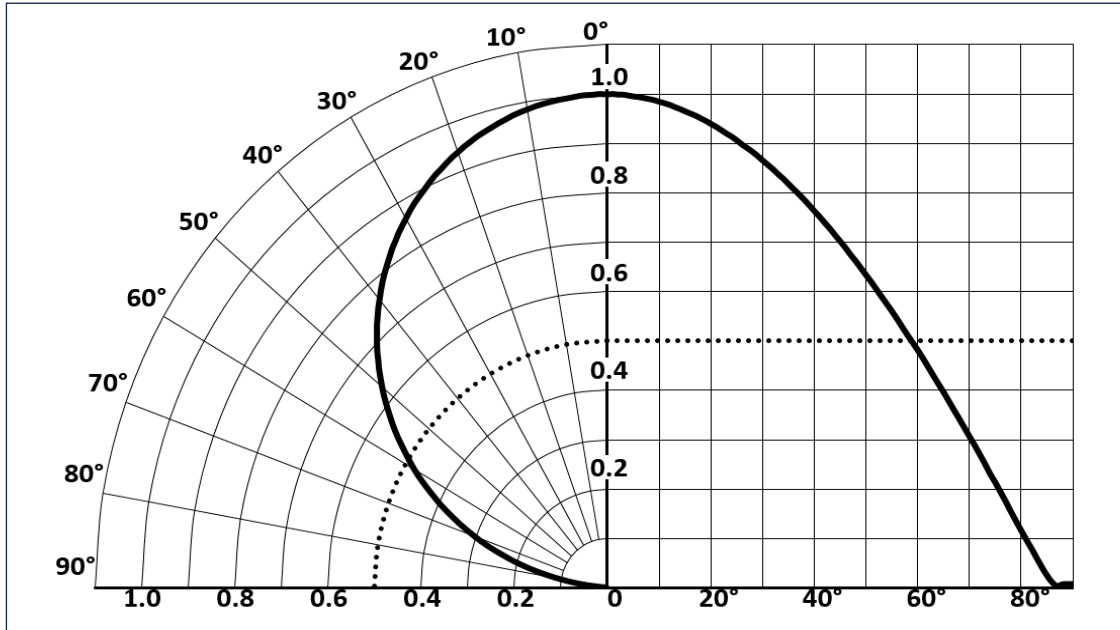




Angular Distribution and Typical Spectrum

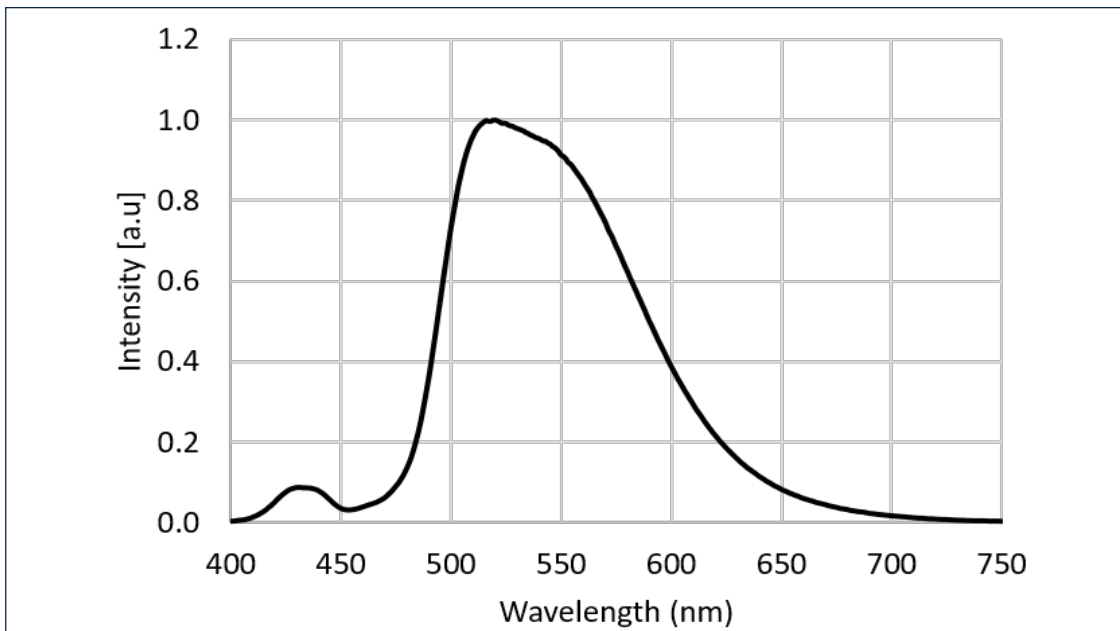
Angular Intensity Distribution¹

$$I_{\text{ref}} = f(\Phi); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$



Typical Spectrum²

$$\Phi_{\text{ref}} = f(\lambda); I_r = 10 \text{ A}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

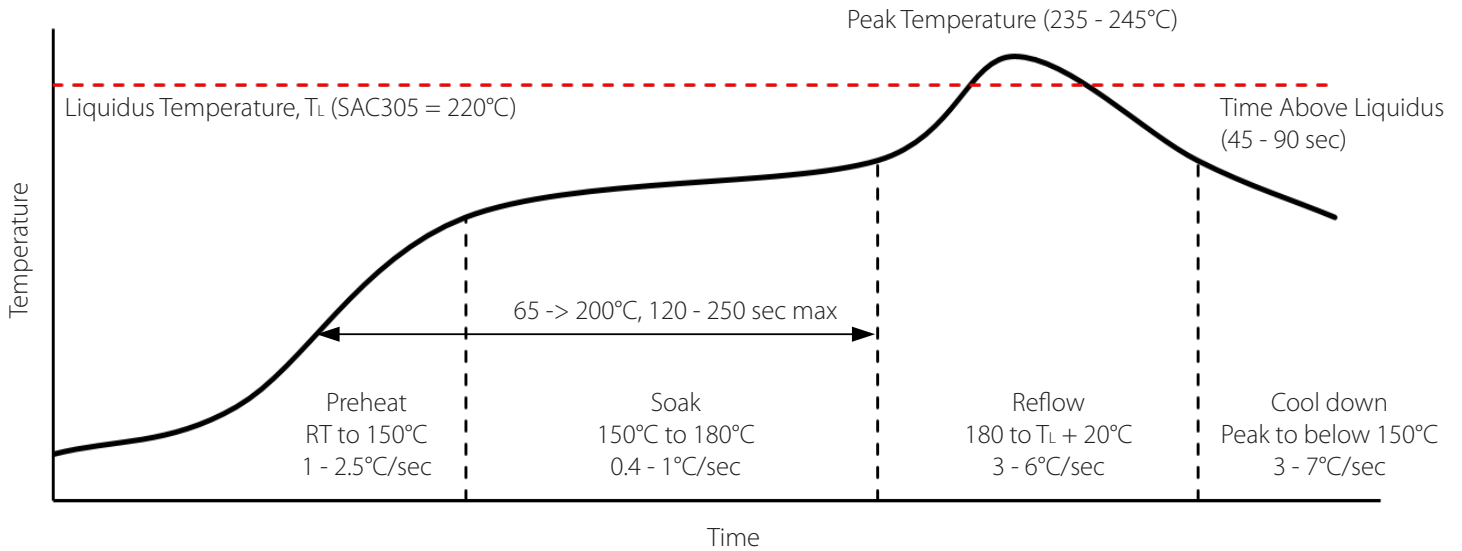


Note:

1. For any specific device, slight variations may be expected.
2. Typical spectrum at recommended peak drive current. Please contact Luminus to obtain data in Excel format.



Soldering Profile



SMT Rework Guideline	Manual Hotplate Reflow	Hot Air Gun Reflow
Heating Time	< 60 sec	
Hotplate Temperature	< 245°C	< 150°C

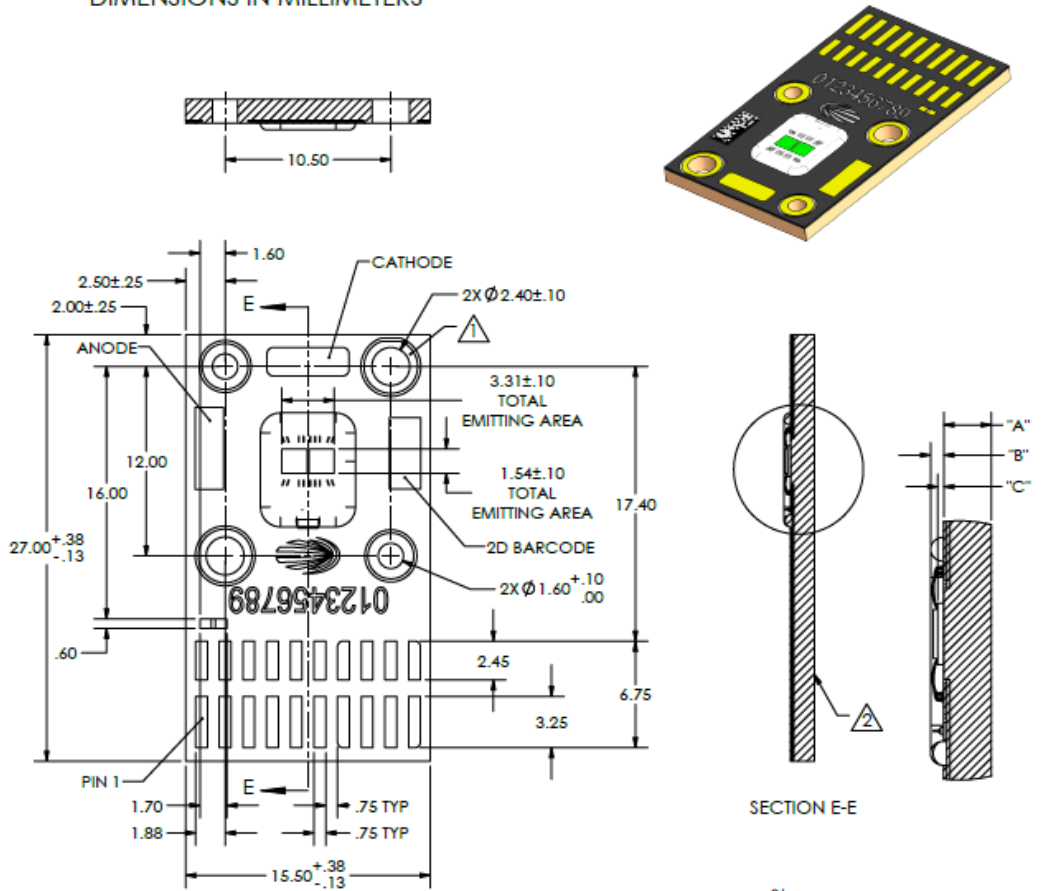
Note:

- Product complies to Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (MSL 1).
- The numbers in the table are specific to SAC305. Luminus recommends using an SAC305 solder paste with a no-clean flux for RoHS compliant products.
- During the pick and place process, ensure the pick-up tool does not touch any die components.
- Use of a multi-zone IR reflow oven with a nitrogen blanket is recommended.
- Time-temperature profile of the reflow process showing the four functional profile zones are defined in IPC-7801. Temperature is referenced to the center of the PCB.
- Luminus recommends to use the solder paste data sheet information as a starting point in time-temperature process development.
- These are general guidelines. Consult the solder paste manufacturer's datasheet for guidelines specific to the alloy and flux combination used in your application.
For more information, please refer to:
<https://luminusdevices.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/360060306692-How-do-I-Reflow-Solder-Luminus-SMD-Components->
- For any technical questions about soldering process, please contact Luminus at techsupport@luminus.com.



Mechanical Dimensions

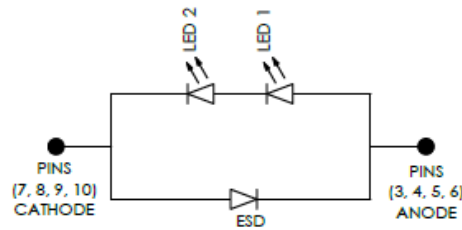
DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS



NOTES:

1. METAL SUBSTRATE PLATED AREAS AROUND HOLES ARE COPLANAR WITH CATHODE AND ANODE PADS.
2. METAL SUBSTRATE PLATED AREAS AROUND HOLES ARE ELECTRICALLY CONNECTED TO THE BACKSIDE OF COREBOARD. THEY ARE ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED FROM THE CATHODE, ANODE AND THERMISTOR.

PIN ASSIGNMENT	
THERMISTOR	1,2
ANODE (+)	3,4,5,6
CATHODE (-)	7,8,9,10



LED CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

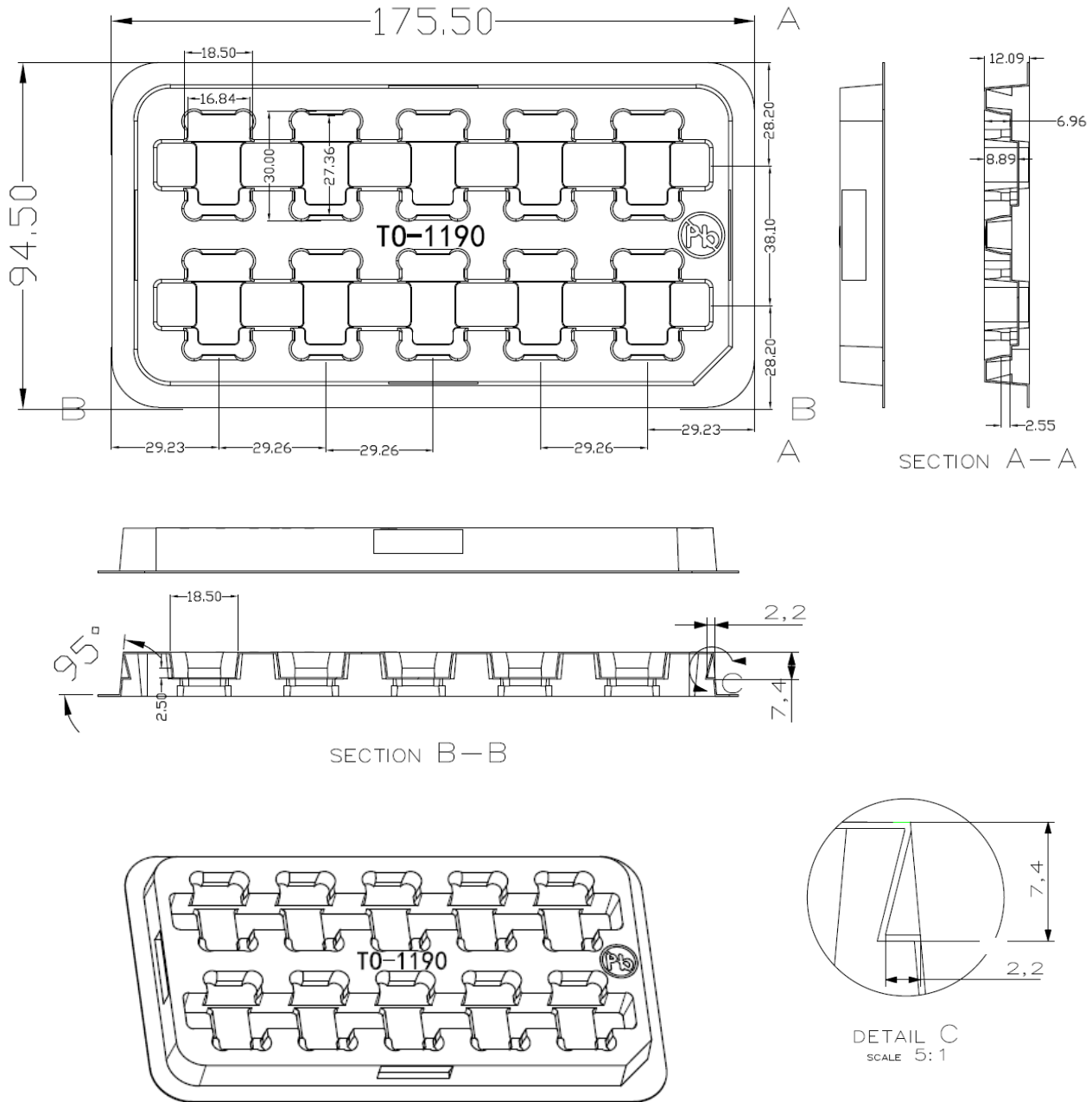
DIMENSION NAME	DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL DIMENSION	TOLERANCE
"A"	TOP OF METAL SUBSTRATE TO BACK OF COREBOARD	1.50	±.10
"B"	TOP OF METAL SUBSTRATE TO TOP OF DAM	.42	±.04
"C"	TOP OF METAL SUBSTRATE TO TOP OF EMITTING AREA	.34	±.02

Note:

1. Die Tilt: 1° Maximum, Die Rotation: ±1°.
2. Contact within silicone dam area is prohibited.
3. Recommended connector: Manufacturer: Tarnq-Yu; Part# TU1502WGR-10S-GO-M8-NL-A.
4. Recommended female connector: Manufacturer: Tarnq-Yu; Part# TU1502HNO-10; contact terminal part#TU1502TGO-GO.
5. LED coreboard backside is electrically isolated.
6. LED emitter and wirebond not covered, contact within the silicone dam area is prohibited.



Shipping Tray Outline

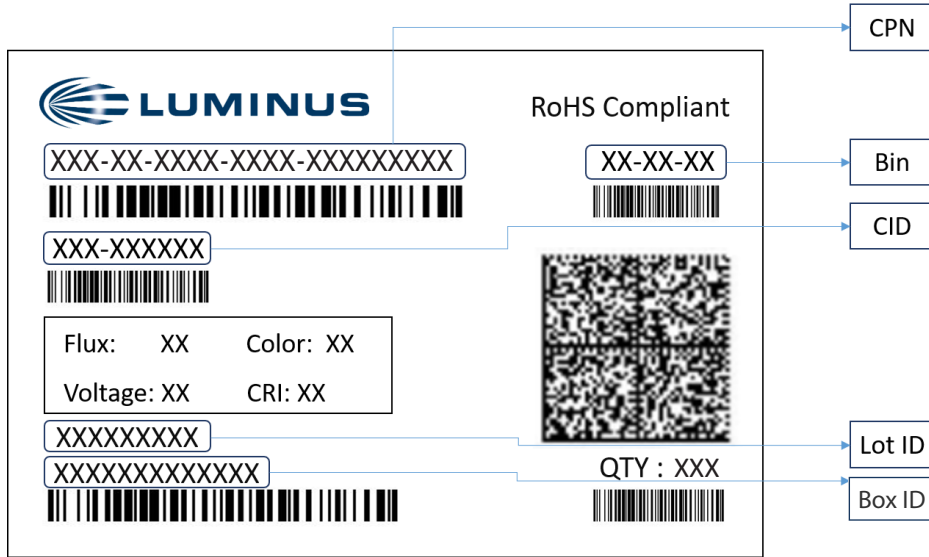


Note:

1. Each tray contains 10 units.
2. All dimensions are in millimeter ± 0.25 mm.
3. For detailed drawing of shipping tray, please refer to document T0-1190, available upon request.



Shipping Label



Label Fields:

- CPN: Luminus ordering part number
- CID: Customer's part number
- QTY: Quantity of devices in pack
- Flux: Bin as defined on page 3
- Voltage: NA
- Color: Bin as defined on page 3
- CRI: NA

Packing Configuration:

- Stack of 5 trays with 10 devices per tray
- Partial pack or tray may be shipped
- Each pack is enclosed in anti-static bag
- Shipping label is placed on top of each pack



Notes

Static Electricity

This product is sensitive to static electricity, and care should be taken when handling them. Static electricity or surge voltage will damage the LEDs. It is recommended to wear an anti-electrostatic wristband or anti-electrostatic gloves when handling the LEDs. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken to isolate LED processing equipment from potential sources of voltage surges.

Reference: APN-002815 Electrical Stress Damage to LEDs and How to Prevent It

Eye Safety

According to the test specification risk group IEC 62471: 2006-Non-GLS under 10 A, this product complies to Risk group 2 (RG2) Moderate risk.

Do not stare at operating lamp, may be harmful to the eyes.

For more information, please refer to: <https://luminusdevices.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/10532958752397>



Revision History

Rev	Date	Description of Change
01	06/27/2024	Initial release